

Practice Test Answer and Alignment Document Mathematics: Grade 5

The following pages include the answer keys for all machine-scored items. A sample student response for the top score is included for all hand-scored constructed response items.

- Some answer keys include one possible sample student response. Other valid methods for solving the problem can earn full credit unless a specific method is required by the item.
- In items where the scores are awarded for full and partial credit, the definition of partial credit will be confirmed during range-finding (reviewing sets of real student work).
- If students make a computation error, they can still earn points for reasoning or modeling.

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
1.	305	5.MD.C.5c
2.	В	5.NF.A.1-2
3.	36.008	5.NBT.A.3a
4.	A	5.NF.B.6
5.	15	5.NBT.B.6
6.	С, Е	5.NF.B.7a
7.	D	5.OA.A.2
8.	В	5.NF.A.2
9.	С	5.NBT.B.5
10.	18500	5.MD.A.1
11.	A, C, F	5.G.A.1 5.G.A.2
12.	В	5.NF.B.3

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
1.	В	5.R.4 5.MD.A.1 5.NBT.B.7-1 5.NBT.B.7-2
2.	А, С, Е	5.M.1 5.M.1-1 5.OA.A.2
3.	Sample Top Score ResponseFirst example: $1005 \div 15 = 67$. Since 67 doesn't end in 5, the claim is incorrect.Second example: $4235 \div 15 = 282\frac{1}{3}$.Since $282\frac{1}{3}$ doesn't end in 5 and has a remainder, the claim is incorrect.Refer to the Holistic Rubric for 3-Point Reasoning Constructed Response Items for score point information.	5.R.3 5.NBT.B.6
4.	A	5.M.1 5.NF.B.4a 5.M.1-2

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
5.	Sample Top Score Response10 cups of walnuts can be used tomake $10 \div \frac{1}{6} = 60$ servings of trailmix.12 cups of pretzels can be used tomake $12 \div \frac{1}{4} = 48$ servings of trailmix.9 cups of apricots can be used tomake $9 \div \frac{1}{8} = 72$ servings of trailmix.The least of these values is 48, so atotal of 48 servings of trail mixcan be made.Kasey will use all the pretzels.48 servings of trail mix require $48 \times \frac{1}{6} = 8$ cups of walnuts, so Kaseywill have $10 - 8 = 2$ cups of walnutsleft over.48 servings of trail mix require $48 \times \frac{1}{8} = 6$ cups of apricots, so Kaseywill have $9 - 6 = 3$ cups of apricotskasey time to the Holistic Rubric for 4-Point Modeling Constructed Response Items for score pointinformation.	5.M.1 5.NF.B.7c 5.M.1-4
6.	D	5.R.2 5.OA.A.1

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
1.	В	5.NF.A.1-4
2.	2400	5.MD.C.5b
3.	D	5.OA.B.3
4.	A	5.NF.B.7c
5.	В	5.NBT.A.3b
6.	С	5.NF.B.4a
7.	С	5.MD.B.2
8.	D	5.NBT.B.7-3
9.	D	5.NF.B.7b
10.	A	5.NBT.A.1
11.	А	5.G.B.3

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
1.	С	5.M.1 5.NF.B.4b 5.M.1-3 5.NF.A.1-3
2.	C, D	5.R.3 5.G.B.4
3.	Sample Top Score ResponseThe volume of the top box is $8 \times 24 \times 6 = 1152$ cubic inches.The volume of the bottom box is $20 \times 24 \times 6 = 2880$ cubic inches.The total volume of the boxes is $1152 + 2880 = 4032$ cubic inches.Refer to the Holistic Rubric for3-Point Modeling ConstructedResponse Items for score pointinformation.	5.M.1 5.MD.C.5c 5.M.1-4
4.	В	5.R.1 5.NF.B.4a 5.NF.B.5a 5.NF.B.5b

Item Number	Answer Key	Evidence Statement Key/ Content Scope
5.	Sample Top Score Response The 20 basic calculators require a total of $20 \times 3 = 60$ batteries. The 12 advanced calculators require a total of $12 \times 4 = 48$ batteries. In total, the teacher needs $60 + 48 = 108$ batteries.	
	Dividing, $108 \div 24 = 4.5$. Therefore, the teacher needs to buy 5 packages of batteries. The teacher's thinking that 6 packages of batteries is incorrect.	5.R.4 5.OA.A.1
	5 packages contain a total of $5 \times 24 = 120$ batteries, so the teacher will have $120 - 108 = 12$ batteries left over.	
	Refer to the Holistic Rubric for 4-Point Reasoning Constructed Response Items for score point information.	
6.	A	5.M.1 5.NBT.B.7-1 5.M.1-3